



# Project Conclusions and Recommendations

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# Re-visiting: Context for Trinational Partnerships

- Creating sustainable, institutional partnerships to:
  - Improve prediction and forecasting of extreme events
  - Enhance preparedness for creating effective, timely responses
  - Build the resilience of communities to cope with extreme events
- Value-Add for trinational cooperation:
  - Building on existing partnerships
  - Enhanced forecasting and responses by formulating common approaches
  - Real-time sharing of data and information
  - Reduced economic impacts
  - Cost-savings in data gathering and analysis



# Re-visiting: Anticipated Outcomes

- Incorporation of flood-costing methodology in planning for community resilience
  - Uptake into policies at federal, state/provincial and municipal level
- Communities/regions use the most suitable data and information
  - Improved data and tools to support decision making for flood management at the local and national levels
- Enhanced capacity of local and regional emergency managers
  - Improved information sharing for preparedness and emergency response



# Project Conclusions

- Flooding causes significant economic impact across Canada, Mexico, US
  - *At least* US\$ 17 billion in 2013-2017
- Centralized data gathering creates comprehensive information
  - CENAPRED (Mexico) provisions state-level data
  - Multiple agencies in Canada and the United States make data collection incomplete and complicated
- Flood economic impact data are collected unevenly by various sectors
  - Particularly difficult to find indirect damages and losses



# Project Recommendations





# Recommendations: Policy Transitions

- Create mechanisms for real-time provisioning of economic-impact data
  - First responders (link up with other CEC initiatives)
  - Strategic planners at different levels of government
- Engage Indigenous leaders and researchers in resilience-building mechanisms
  - Apply at different levels of governments
- Increase awareness of the comprehensive costs of flood-related impacts
  - Engage first responders, emergency managers and the public
  - Differentiate between direct damages, indirect damages and additional costs/losses
- Commit financial and human resources to enhance data and create new knowledge



# Recommendations: Enhanced Data Management

- Streamline data gathering approaches
  - Follow best practices in data collection, management and transparency
  - Particularly applicable to Canada and the United States
  - Fill information gaps, particularly sectoral impacts
- Include Indigenous measures of flood impact in data gathering
  - In-depth engagement with Indigenous communities and leadership
- Create a centralized data repository for the three countries
  - Greater collaboration in joint flood responses and resilience building
  - Analyze continental scale patterns and trends
  - Benefit from economies of scale
- Facilitate flow of data from/to the insurance sector, ensuring confidentiality
- Undertake capacity building and training for data collection, management



# Recommendations: Further Research

- Investigate methods for interlinking economic impacts of cascading hazards
  - Extend CEC methodology for application to wildfires, droughts, hurricanes, snowstorms, landslides
- Conduct in-depth analysis on spatial representation of data
- Link flood-cost data to flood risk maps at different scales
  - Better design future efforts to build resilience
- Explore best practices to integrate simulation models
  - Focus: Assessing long-term indirect economic impacts