Objective of Project
This project has three objectives:

- Expedite the movement of legal materials across borders.
- Improve enforcement capacity so that persons or entities illegally shipping or attempting to ship hazardous waste and materials, ozone-depleting substances, protected species and wildlife, or other illegal materials that could threaten human health or the environment in the territories of the NAFTA Parties are stopped from doing so and appropriately penalized.
- Promote better information on North American movements of hazardous wastes and materials.

In 2010 it is proposed to complete outstanding tasks and activities from 2009 and bring this project to an appropriate conclusion.

Background
Project History and Foundation
The North American Agreement on Environmental Cooperation (NAAEC) underlines the Parties’ support for the environmental goals and objectives of NAFTA, including creating an expanded and secure market for goods and services in a manner consistent with environmental protection and conservation, promoting sustainable development, and strengthening the development and enforcement of environmental laws and regulations.

Council Resolution 96-06 established the North American Working Group on Environmental Enforcement and Compliance Cooperation (EWG), composed of senior-level environmental enforcement officials. Since 1996, the EWG has identified the need for improved capacity to track transboundary movements of hazardous wastes and materials and ozone-depleting substances (ODS) and enforce laws regulating them, and for cooperative approaches concerning the enforcement of domestic laws, including those that implement the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES), through continuous work with the North American Wildlife Enforcement Working Group (NAWEG).

Council Resolution 03-08 extends cooperation in the area of hazardous wastes and materials, directing the Secretariat to work with the Parties on specific measures to promote the environmentally sound management and tracking of hazardous wastes. In response, the EWG established an ad hoc Hazardous Waste Task Force (HWTF) to assist with related measures in the CEC’s work program. The HWTF, composed of senior officials and IT

specialists in the management area of hazardous wastes, will continue to assist in the implementation of the hazardous waste and materials components of this project.

The CEC Strategic Plan 2005–2010 aims to improve compliance with existing environmental laws and strengthen the capacities of the three countries to manage environmental issues of common concern.

To date, and including completion of 2009 activities, the CEC has made progress across several initiatives:

- A pioneering project for the electronic exchange, among governments, of export request, or notification, and consent for importation information concerning hazardous wastes and materials. This will improve data quality, reduce administrative burdens and replace a cumbersome paper-based approach that contributes little to improving enforcement.

- Consolidation of online training to build capacity and disseminate information on regulations and enforcement techniques concerning ozone-depleting substances (ODS) and hazardous wastes and materials for customs and environment officials.\(^2\)

- Consolidation of the scope and process for sharing information on non-compliant imports entering North America.

- Workshops and a report on environmental compliance in partnership with trade corridor organizations and the regulated community involved in transboundary trade of environmentally-regulated materials.

- A search and mapping tool to monitor trends of off-site transfers of pollutants and substances and a report for the use of tracking technology of such shipments across North American borders.

These activities have supported the Parties in progress towards addressing threats from illegal products, non-compliant imports or banned substances entering North America; improving coordinated enforcement capacities; and levelling the playing field for business across the three countries by reducing potential advantages from lack of effective enforcement of environmental laws.

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\(^2\) See: http://www.cec.org/ods.

**Key Stakeholders, Resource Leveraging and Partnerships (to date)**

Stakeholders include all the government enforcement and compliance agencies represented in the CEC’s Enforcement Working Group and Hazardous Waste Task Force. The Royal Canadian Mounted Police in Canada, the Federal Police and the Attorney General’s office (PFP and PGR, respectively) in Mexico, and the Department of Justice in the US are also key stakeholders of the environmental enforcement authorities in the three countries. Customs agencies are also key players that can either benefit from or leverage the project.

Commercial trade corridor associations\(^3\) are also significant stakeholders active in promoting continental trade. Accordingly, the CEC has engaged these organizations to promote and enhance effective compliance assurance in North America.

**Advisory Groups Related to This Project**

This project will benefit from the engagement and oversight of the EWG and affiliated enforcement agencies, as well as the participation of customs officials in specific tasks.

The HWTF will continue to assist in the development and oversight of the portions of this project devoted to electronic exchange of data for the import/export of hazardous waste and materials.

**Rationale**

According to the International Crime Threat Assessment conducted by the US government, local and international criminal syndicates worldwide earn between US$22 and $31 billion annually from hazardous waste dumping, smuggling proscribed hazardous materials, and exploiting and trafficking in protected natural resources. To date, it is estimated that global smuggling of

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ODS range from 7,000 tons to 14,000 tons a year, with an economic profit of US$25 to $60 million to organized crime syndicates. Much of that illegal trade is targeted to enter North America.

Port congestion in Los Angeles and Long Beach in the United States has been cited as a reason why more Asian imports are entering North America through Mexican ports on the Pacific coast, later making their way into the US and Canada. As non-compliant imports could potentially enter North America via Mexican ports, customs and environmental officials from the three countries are committed to share intelligence data and information to protect the region from such commodities and materials. By developing these activities the Parties also contribute to regional strengthening of border security and global environmental strategies, such as the green Customs carried out by UNEP.

In response to the circumstances cited above, officials and inspectors require access to state-of-the-art information and techniques to act against illegal shipments and non-compliant imports of banned substances. CEC support includes development of online training in the field of hazardous wastes and materials, aimed at environmental and customs inspectors, to raise awareness of the regulations and specific activities for effectively enforcing regulations in the three countries. This also benefits other government agencies and brings a common level of understanding and approach to the import and export of hazardous waste and materials.

With mapped information on the facilities exporting and importing hazardous waste and materials across North America boundaries, enforcement agencies will be in a better position to trace routes and frequency of shipments while directing resources and efforts to promote legal trade.

The electronic exchange of hazardous waste/materials export/import information will assist in providing the best information and techniques to avoid illegal shipments of hazardous waste/materials across the borders. Replacing the current paper-based approach with an electronic one will improve overall export/import data quality, enhance enforcement capabilities, support border security, facilitate the adoption of more-advanced tracking technologies, and allow governments to reduce administrative burdens.

Each of the management authorities is devoting resources to build their own part of the information exchange system. The CEC is supporting the Parties to build the framework for such exchange to occur. Once constructed, the CEC will deliver the project for the Parties’ use and future development.

In general, a more informed public is in a better position to comply with environmental regulations. In this regard, the CEC is in a good position to bring together policy and enforcement authorities with the private sector from the three countries, to promote and facilitate trade and compliance of environmentally regulated commodities and materials across North America.

The CEC is a conduit for information and understanding of environmental law in North America. It is also in an optimal position to communicate the provisions of these laws and regulations through its website.

**Fulfillment of Strategic Objectives**

This project addresses information for decision making, capacity building and trade and environment in support of the CEC’s 2005–2010 Strategic Plan.

This is accomplished by ensuring that officials in customs, environment, and law enforcement are informed of environmental laws affecting trade, that exporters and others have easy access to environmental regulations, and by training customs and other law enforcement officials to be better able to expedite legal shipments across borders. The project responds to the concerns of stakeholders concerned with the improvement of environmental laws, regulations, procedures, policies and practices and who are working to enhance compliance with, and enforcement of, such laws and regulations.

**North American Scope of the Project and Its Relevance to the Three Parties**

The NAAEC underlines the Parties’ support for the environmental goals and objectives of NAFTA, including creating an expanded and secure market for goods and services in a manner consistent with environmental protection and conservation, promoting sustainable development, and strengthening the development and enforcement of environmental laws and regulations.

**CEC Niche and Added Value**

Environmental enforcement officials need reliable data and intelligence information to support coordinated action and effectiveness. The CEC is in a unique position to facilitate the exchange of such information among countries. With these activities the CEC will consolidate its efforts to address
non-compliant imports entering North America and will reach out to customs and other enforcement agencies in the three countries. Given its mandate and institutional expertise, the CEC is uniquely positioned to create synergies with private enterprises that are using monitoring and Radio Frequency Identification (RFIDs) systems to explore the potential of technology to foster environmental compliance and promote law enforcement. Trade corridor associations are ideal platforms for assessing environmental performance from a strategic perspective, while allowing governments to reach out to enterprises involved in the import/export of merchandise.

**Linkages with Other CEC Projects**
This project supports the capacity of the three countries to identify and address trade-related environmental concerns and achieve mutual benefits for trade and the environment.

**Activities and Outputs**

**Key Activities/Outputs and Associated Timelines**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Task</th>
<th>Output</th>
<th>Timeline</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Report summarizing the 2009 international workshop on controlling smuggling and illegal traffic in ODS in North America.</td>
<td>QAPP of the report to be completed in the spring 2010.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>CEC online hazardous wastes and materials training course.</td>
<td>QAPP of module 1 completed and full delivery of module 2 by the summer 2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Enhance cooperation and exchange intelligence and information on non-compliant imports entering North America.</td>
<td>Officials meeting to occur in May 2010. Further action TBD.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Electronic exchange of information on the import/export of hazardous wastes and materials</td>
<td>Full delivery for adoption and day-to-day operation by the countries in fall 2010.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Analyze the utility of the search and mapping tool for shipments of hazardous wastes and materials and determine the need for any further development</td>
<td>Summer 2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Finish preparation of the judicial training publication and disseminate it</td>
<td>Summer 2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Participate at a trade corridor association (NASC0) meeting to disseminate the results of the compliance activities. Further work on compliance assurance and dissemination of information to be determined in May and at the EWG annual meeting.</td>
<td>Summer (June) and fall 2010</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Support for the annual meeting of the EWG. Webpage updates. Fall 2010

**Target Groups and Stakeholders**
- Top senior enforcement officials from the three countries
- Law enforcement agencies from the three countries
- Prosecutors
- Customs agencies
- National Autonomous University of Mexico and other universities and research institutions
- Trade corridor associations
- Nongovernmental organizations
- Customs brokers
- Entrepreneurs and the private sector involved in transboundary trade across North America

**Leveraging**
In 2009 partners added significant in-kind support to accomplish project related tasks and activities. The Mexican government, under the framework of its national plan for the elimination of CFCs, administered by UNIDO, directed financial support for the execution of activity 1.

In 2010 the National Autonomous University of Mexico will publish the proceedings of previous judicial seminars, assisting the institutionalization of environmental training for the judiciary in Mexico.

**Anticipated Outcomes and Performance Indicators**

**Direct Outcomes**
- Consolidation of techniques to identify and combat illegal shipments of non-compliant goods and commodities from outside North America;
- Support for the Parties’ efforts to promote regulatory compliance pertaining to environmentally regulated materials and commodities across North American borders, while reaching out to the private sector;
- Identification of the potential and opportunities for using cutting-edge technology to monitor environmental compliance and increase the understanding of illicit activities, in order to effectively address illegal traffic of environmentally regulated materials;
- Support for the Parties in identifying sources/facilities for hazardous wastes and materials—both generating and also receiving—in order to streamline action and foster environmental compliance and effective law enforcement;
- Instituting environmental training for Mexican judges and prosecutors, with the support of North American partners;
- Facilitate exchange of information on lessons learned and best practices in North America in environmental law enforcement and compliance;
- Exchanging information between environment, transport and customs officials in assessing environmental impacts from increased cross-border trade and transportation-related infrastructure development; and
- Reaching out to the public concerned with transboundary shipments of merchandise across North American borders, to facilitate trade and ensure environmental compliance and monitoring.

**Intermediate Outcomes**
- To combat illegal traffic in ODS and hazardous wastes and materials, authorities better prepared to stop illegal shipments into North America;
- More awareness and understanding of the trends and activities, sectors, and commodities that do not comply with North American environmental regulations;
- Better coordination between authorities in addressing threats from non-compliant imports and shipments arriving from outside North America;
- Governments that can act effectively, based on the best information available, to enforce compliance with environmental regulations related to the management of hazardous wastes and materials;
Authorities better prepared to institutionalize environmental training for judges and prosecutors in Mexico, contributing to an application of environmental regulations effective throughout North America;
North American public better informed about trinational efforts in environmental law enforcement and compliance;
Trade across borders facilitated but compliance with environmental regulations ensured; and
Assurance that shipments of merchandise across North American borders are environmentally sound.

**Final Outcomes**

- Environmentally safer and greener borders: authorities better informed on illegal trafficking, trends, source areas, and monitoring challenges posed by ODS and hazardous wastes/materials, in order to ensure effective enforcement in North America;
- Substantive contribution of the Parties to effective enforcement, compliance and application of law by the judiciary throughout North America;
- Effective involvement of senior officials in enhancing cooperation in environmental law enforcement and compliance;
- A better-protected North American environment through better-coordinated enforcement authorities;
- Reduced environmental impacts from harmful substances throughout North America; and
- Sustainable trade across North American borders and effective enforcement of environmental regulation in our shared region.

**Performance Indicators**

Indicators vary according to the task.

**Task 1**
- Report from the 2009 workshop on illegal trade and smuggling of ODS available for appropriate stakeholders.

**Task 2**
- CEC hazardous wastes and materials online training course completed and fully operational; and
- Number of trainees in the course and of hits on the course webpage.

**Task 3**
- Number of commodities identified as potentially suspect and the number identified as non-compliant in two or three countries;
- Number of agencies participating and exchanging information on non-compliant imports and the number of intelligence reports produced and shared;
- Successful operational teleconferences, meetings and other communications effectively exchanging information and practices related to this project; and
- Increased number of enforcement cases generated from initial intelligence reports and added value for effective law enforcement practices in the three countries.

**Task 4**
- Capability to electronically exchange information required for the request for export and consent for import of hazardous wastes/materials; and
- Number of electronic transactions effectively transmitting hazardous wastes/materials export/import data among the Parties.

**Task 5**
- Number of webpage hits (as an indication of the extent of the tool’s use).

**Task 6**
- Publication 2010 of the proceedings from the 2005–2008 judicial seminars, including conclusions and recommendations for institutionalizing environmental training for the judiciary in Mexico.

**Task 7**
- Number of enterprises contacted and informed about environmental compliance assurance in North America; and
- Number of agencies participating in coordinated efforts to monitor environmental compliance.

**Task 8**
- Number of attendees at the EWG annual meeting;
- Number of agreements and determinations reached at the EWG annual meeting;
Coordinated action plans derived from the EWG annual meeting;

Updated webpage on the environmental law enforcement and compliance program;

Number of hits on this webpage per month; and

Number of activities performed involving information exchange and best practices shared with governmental and nongovernmental organizations and agencies.

**Timetable and Project Completion**

Task 1 concluded in 2009. The report, to be completed in 2010, will allow the Parties to consider the need for further action.

Task 2 The first module of the training course will go through quality assurance review in the first quarter of 2010 and will be posted on the CEC website. The second module will be delivered to the Parties in 2010 for further development and use.

The heads of the enforcement agencies will meet in May 2010 to discuss coordinated action under Task 3 and to assess potential engagement of other key enforcement agencies.

Task 4 will be completed in the fall in 2010.

Determination of coordinated work under Task 5 for compliance monitoring using search and mapping tools will be assessed in May 2010.

The report produced in Task 6 will be publicly released in 2010.

The Secretariat will disseminate information produced under Task 7 on compliance assurance activities at the NASCO annual meeting to occur in June in Des Moines, Iowa, US. Further action and development in this area will be assessed at the meeting of the heads of the EWG in May 2010.

Task 8. Support for the annual meeting of the EWG and update content of the enforcement and compliance working group web pages.

**Sustainability Beyond 2010**

Project activity for 2010 will proceed as described herein.

After 2010 the corresponding environmental enforcement agencies in each country will adopt and utilize, on their own basis, the tools and information resulting from the implementation of this project. Similarly, each agency will adopt the tools and information on enforcement and compliance derived from this project and will conduct outreach to the North American public in this field, as appropriate.

Future activity in support of these or related tasks will be considered in relation to the CEC’s 2010–2015 Strategic Plan.

It is to be noted that a decision not to support these activities under the CEC post-2010 would require the cancellation of Council Resolution 03-08 that directs the Secretariat to work with the Parties to promote the environmentally sound management and tracking of hazardous wastes and materials.

**Communications**

The participating agencies will be responsible for communicating the development and results of the course. The CEC will provide outreach and post the results of its activities via <http://www.cec.org/Page.asp?PageID=751&ContentID=&SiteNodeID=533&BL_ExpandID=&AA_SiteLanguageID=1>.

**Information Management**

The CEC will support the Parties by facilitating the timely exchange of information. To that end, the Secretariat will use CEC Web resources to outreach to Party enforcement agencies and stakeholders.

The CEC will support the Parties in developing the schema and framework for the exchange of electronic information and will support national efforts toward successful transmittal of data. The CEC will develop those processes for the assurance of the quality of the information to be posted at the CEC website.

Also, the CEC will continue to work with the North American Atlas Coordinating Group to support a data layer illustrating those facilities that import/export hazardous wastes/materials across the borders. Further, the CEC will continue to provide online resources to help facilitate the adoption of the hazardous wastes/materials online course, and other online information products, such as the Environmental Law Enforcement and Compliance area of the CEC website.
Implementation Plan

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2010 Tasks</th>
<th>Key Outputs</th>
<th>Timing</th>
<th>Expected Outcomes</th>
<th>Beneficiaries (Reach)</th>
<th>Budget (C$)</th>
<th>Future Activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Task 1</td>
<td>Completion of a report from the 2009 workshop on North American ODS traffic</td>
<td>Spring 2010</td>
<td>Authorities in the three countries will be better prepared to address the global ban of CFCs and the phase-out of HFCs. Increased awareness and understanding of regulations of the Montreal Protocol, to address illegal trafficking of ODS. Increased capabilities to identify illegal shipments of ODS.</td>
<td>Environmental enforcement agencies, Environmental management authorities, Customs agencies in the three countries, Prosecutors and other law enforcement officials and intelligence units in the three countries, North American public.</td>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>This activity will conclude in 2010.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Quality Assurance Summary

*Report: Training activities and opportunities, to effectively enforce ODS regulations.*

- Secretariat review: February 2010
- Stakeholder/Expert review: March 2010
- Party review: April 2010
- Public review: April 2010
- Peer review: April 2010
- Party review–Quality assurance: April-May 2010
- Publication: May 2010
| Task 2 | Completion of the CEC hazardous wastes and materials online training course  
Meeting to review operation, including customs inspectors and officials before delivery | Fully operating course online  
Module one will be available online and module two delivered to the Parties for further development and use | Spring 2010 | Increased awareness of the international and regional regulations on hazardous waste and techniques and procedures for effective enforcement in North America | Environmental enforcement agencies  
Environmental management authorities  
Customs agencies  
Prosecutors and other law enforcement officials  
North American public | 10,000 | This activity will conclude with the delivery of the course. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Quality Assurance Summary  
Database/Dataset/Online service:  
Hazardous waste online training course | Stakeholder/Expert review: January 2010  
Party review—Drafting: February 2010  
Party review—Quality assurance: March 2010  
Publication: May 2010 |
| Task 3 | Consolidation of the process for identifying and sharing information on noncompliant imports entering North America and addressing common threats to health and the environment | Refining and strengthening the channels, scope and process for the exchange of information leading to the identification of key sectors and areas and stakeholders | Meeting of key officials to occur in May 2010 | Enhanced coordination to address threats from non-compliant imports in a common North American approach  
Increased awareness of the trends of non-compliant, environmentally regulated materials, substances, products and by-products | Environmental enforcement agencies  
Environmental management authorities  
Customs agencies in the three countries.  
Prosecutors and other law enforcement officials and intelligence units in the three countries  
North American public | 35,000 | To be assessed at the May 2010 meeting |
<p>| Task 4 | Completion of the electronic system | Delivery of the electronic system will be | The project will be | Parties will be able to quickly provide export | Environmental enforcement agencies. | 285,000 | The Parties will conclude this project with the final |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project on the electronic exchange of information on the import/export of hazardous wastes/materials in North America</th>
<th>Project on the electronic exchange of information on the import/export of hazardous wastes/materials in North America</th>
<th>delivered to the countries in the fall of 2010</th>
<th>delivered to the countries in the fall of 2010</th>
<th>The stakeholders will meet three times in 2010: to assess actions and identify potential challenges; to review implementation of the system; and to test the project</th>
<th>Environmental management authorities</th>
<th>Customs agencies in the three countries</th>
<th>North American public</th>
<th>delivery of the electronic exchange of information.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Task 5</td>
<td>Assessment of compliance monitoring using search and mapping tools</td>
<td>Determination on the scope, usefulness and reach of search and mapping tools</td>
<td>May 2010.</td>
<td>This mapping tool may help identify needs for development of infrastructure to diminish risks associated with transportation of hazardous wastes and materials</td>
<td>Environmental enforcement agencies</td>
<td>Environmental management authorities</td>
<td>Private-sector stakeholders</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Customs agencies in the three countries</td>
<td>Prosecutors and other law enforcement officials and intelligence units in the three countries</td>
<td></td>
<td>Further development of this and other search and mapping tools to be assessed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task 6</td>
<td>Finish preparation of and disseminate the publication</td>
<td>Publication of the CEC Judicial Seminars conducted under</td>
<td>Summer 2010</td>
<td>More awareness of legal aspects on the part of the judiciary and more preparedness in effective</td>
<td>Environmental management authorities</td>
<td>Environmental enforcement authorities</td>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>This activity will conclude in 2010.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Quality Assurance Summary

**Report from the judicial seminars**

- **Secretariat review:** November 2009
- **Stakeholder/Expert review:** December 2009
- **Party review–Drafting:** December 2009
- **Public review:** January 2010
- **Peer review:** February 2010
- **Party review–Quality assurance:** February 2010
- **Publication:** May 2010

### Task 7

**Determination of coordinated work in the compliance promotion field**

**Dissemination of information on compliance assurance in North America at the annual meeting of NASCO**

- **June 2010.**
  - **Private sector and customs and environmental officials will collaborate to identify a series of specific measures (operational, logistical, and infrastructural) to enhance trade and transboundary movements of goods and environmentally regulated materials and ensure environmental compliance and monitoring**
  - **Private-sector stakeholders interested in transboundary trade in North America**
  - **Environmental enforcement agencies**
  - **Environmental management authorities**
  - **Customs agencies in the three countries**
  - **The North American public**
  - **5,000**

**The future activities in the compliance promotion and assurance will be determined by the EWG at its annual meeting.**

### Task 8

**Support to the EWG annual meeting**

**Annual meeting of the EWG in the fall**

- **Fall 2010.**
  - **The CEC will reaffirm its position as a conduit for discussion and analysis of compliance and**
  - **Environmental enforcement agencies**
  - **Environmental**
  - **45,000**

**The future scope and action plans of the EWG will be discussed and analyzed at the annual**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Outreach and dissemination of information on compliance assurance</th>
<th>Enforcement issues of common concern</th>
<th>Management authorities, Customs agencies in the three countries, Judges, prosecutors and other law enforcement officials and intelligence units in the three countries, Universities and research institutions, Law practitioners and private firms, Private-sector entrepreneurs, etc.</th>
<th>EWG meeting.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Total Cost:** $390,000

**Performance Measurement Indicators:**

**Task 1**
- Report from the 2009 workshop on illegal trade and smuggling of ODS in North America, available for appropriate stakeholders.

**Task 2**
- CEC online hazardous wastes/materials training course completed and fully operational.
- Number of trainees in the course and of hits on the course webpage.

**Task 3**
- Number of commodities identified as potentially suspect and the number identified as non-compliant in two or three countries.
- Number of agencies participating and exchanging information on non-compliant imports and the number of intelligence reports produced and shared.
- Successful operational teleconferences, meetings and other communications effectively exchanging information and practices related to this project.
- Increased number of enforcement cases generated from initial intelligence reports and added value for effective law enforcement practices in the three countries.

**Task 4**

**Key Partners:**
- United Nations Environment Program.
- United Nations Industrial Development Organization.
- National Autonomous University of Mexico.
- Environmental enforcement agencies of the three countries.
- Environmental management authorities.
- Trade corridor associations and their membership, including local authorities.
- Customs agencies in the...
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Task 5</th>
<th>Capability to electronically exchange information required for the request for export and consent for import of hazardous wastes.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of electronic transactions effectively transmitting hazardous waste/materials export/import data among the Parties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task 6</td>
<td>Number of webpage hits on this tool (as an indication of the extent of its use).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task 7</td>
<td>Publication of the proceedings of the 2005–2008 judicial seminars, including conclusions and recommendations for institutionalizing environmental training for the judiciary in Mexico.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of enterprises reached and informed about environmental compliance assurance to in North America.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of agencies participating in coordinated efforts to monitor environmental compliance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task 8</td>
<td>Number of attendees to the EWG annual meeting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of agreements and determinations reached at the EWG annual meeting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Coordinated action plans derived from the EWG annual meeting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Updated webpage on the environmental law enforcement and compliance program.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of hits on this webpage per month.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of activities performed involving information exchange and best practices shared with governmental and nongovernmental organizations and agencies.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Prosecutors and other law enforcement officials and intelligence units in the three countries. Interested public in these fields.