North American Collaboration on Ecosystem Carbon Sources and Storage

Goals

- Develop trilaterally agreed methods and products to monitor continental land cover change and model landscape-level ecosystem carbon changes to improve North America's capacity to store carbon and reduce GHG emissions
- 2 Model carbon dynamics in Mexican forest ecosystems for the assessment of long-term carbon dynamics in Mexico and North America
- 3 Contribute to the development of a national-scale carbon accounting system for Mexico
- Provide recommendations for a North American modeling and analysis approach to support REDD+ in Mexico

Methodology and Proof of Concept

1. Land Cover and Land Cover Change Products

- Continental baseline map 2005 using MODIS imagery
- 19 land cover classes (level II)
- 5 year change product (2005-2010)
- Annual land cover
- Testing of 30m scale (Landsat)

2. Application of the Canadian Forest Service Carbon Budget Model (CBM-CFS3) in Mexico

Forest

Land cover assessment

clear-cut

- Research on application of CBM-CFS3 model for spatially-explicit (e.g. REDD+ projects) and spatially-referenced (regional to national scale) projects
- Estimations of past and possible future GHG emissions and removals from land use, land use change, and forestry in Mexico
- Evaluation of model for Mexican Tier 3 reporting and early action REDD+ estimations of GHG emissions and removals over time





Natural Resources Ressources naturelles Canada Canada Centre for Remote Sensing Centre canadien de télédétection







Ressources naturelle









Partners

Natural Resources Canada (Canadian Forest Service and Canada (CFS) Centre for Remote Sensing (CCRS), Instituto Nacional de Estadística y Geografía (INEGI), Comisión Nacional Forestal (Conafor), Comisión Nacional para el Conocimiento y Uso de la Biodiversidad (Conabio), United States Forest Service (USFS), United States Geological Survey (USGS), University of British Columbia and University of Maryland





3. Modeling Forest Carbon Dynamics in Several Intensive **Sites in Mexico**

- Development of forest growth and mortality estimates from field observations and modeling of forest dynamics
- Benchmark estimates and maps of carbon stocks and fluxes and ground-based estimates of changes in carbon stocks in response to management, disturbances, and climate
- Evaluation of different process-based models, including InTEC, Biome-BGC and Forest-DNDC





Where does carbon go after the disturbance?



4. Impact of Different Disturbances and Activities on Carbon Pools

- Analysis of how different disturbance and forest activity data impact different events that shape the forest by altering their composition, structure and function
- Analysis of how these disturbances and activities impact carbon pools

For more information contact **Karen Richardson**, Program Manager, Terrestrial and Marine Ecosystems, Commission for Environmental Cooperation at **514-350-4326** or at **krichardson@cec.org** or visit the webpage **www.cec.org/carbon**.





Proportion of C pool that moves to X pool

Outcomes and Products

- Contribution to the reduction of GHG emissions associated with forest degradation and land cover change by generating and improving access to better information on land cover change and carbon accounting.
- Recommendations for a North American modeling and analysis approach to support REDD+ for Mexico
- Proof of concept for a national-scale carbon accounting system for Mexico Publicly available databases
- Comprehensive set of forest growth curves for Mexico
- Comparison and evaluation of land cover change products at different resolutions
- Improved institutional capacity to monitor carbon stocks in Mexico
- Training of scientists and students

